Exhibit 63

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF WISCONSIN

AUTHENTICOM, INC.

Plaintiff,

-vs-

Case No. 17-CV-318-JDP

CDK GLOBAL, INC., LLC and THE REYNOLDS and REYNOLDS COMPANY,

Madison, Wisconsin June 27, 2017 1:50 p.m.

Defendants.

STENOGRAPHIC TRANSCRIPT-SECOND DAY OF EVIDENTIARY HEARING AFTERNOON SESSION

HELD BEFORE THE HONORABLE JAMES D. PETERSON,

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff:

Godfrey & Kahn S.C.
BY: JENNIFER GREGOR
One East Main Street, Ste. 500
Madison, Wisconsin 53703

Kellogg, Hansen, Todd, Figel & Frederick, PLLC

BY: MICHAEL NEMELKA
AARON PANNER

DAVID SCHWARZ DEREK HO

JOSHUA HAFENBRACK

KEVIN MILLER JOHANNA ZHANG

1615 M Street, NW, Ste. 400 Washington, DC 20036

Also present: Stephen Cottrell - Authenticom president Steve Robb - IT technician

Lynette Swenson RMR, CRR, CRC
U.S. District Court Federal Reporter
120 North Henry Street, Rm. 520
Madison, Wisconsin 53703

they bought, which vendor, is just an astronomical time that we can't do.

THE COURT: All right. So just to quickly paraphrase it, so you basically custom negotiate with each of your vendors what their package price is going to be.

THE WITNESS: Yes. And data elements. Yes, all the functionalities they use, yes, sir.

THE COURT: So I don't want to stretch this too far. So you've 147 vendors and they have something like 50,000 individual interfaces. You don't custom negotiate each interface, but that's part of what you're looking at when you negotiate the package price for the vendor.

THE WITNESS: Yes. And what you run is pretty much on average about three-and-a-half to four packages per vendor. And then on top of that, they will also have what we call ala carte, to where you have a service and this guy might want parts for some reason because that's what the dealer really wants. So he can add in an ala cart one, which would be a single interface, for special ordering parts for those kind of things, depending what they want.

THE COURT: So when you do this, is there -- I mean bottom line, is some sort of really complicated price list that you have a price for each one of those

very many elements? Or you put it together and you negotiate it?

THE WITNESS: I put it together and I negotiate it.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. And you want to keep that secret why?

THE WITNESS: Because then what happens is they get into a comparison. Well, I'm paying \$700 and I'm paying \$600. Yeah, but you're getting five more fields more and you've getting real-time. And you're getting — it gets into be way too — I don't have time to do all that and put it together and negotiate. Because, you know, car dealers and vendors, their strength is negotiations, and so they want to take all of the information they can get and come hit me. And so I can't get into those types of negotiations if I'm comparing something. We're not necessarily always comparing apples to apples. They get into apples to oranges and want that price and we just negotiate based on —

THE COURT: So part of it is just it improves the strength of your negotiating position if you keep it secret.

THE WITNESS: Sure, it does. Sure, it does. BY MS. GULLEY:

Are you allowed to tell one vendor what another

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vendor's data elements are?
 2
        Absolutely not. In fact, even I can't --
    Α
 3
    internally our organization is set up completely
    separate. The actual infrastructure and all the data
 5
    elements no one else can see.
        Okay. Looking at competition for a moment. Exhibit
 6
    -- defendants' Exhibit 161 is the declaration of Ron
 8
   Lamb. We've heard he's the former president and most
 9
    immediate past president of the Reynolds and Reynolds
10
   Company. You agree with that --
11
   Α
        Yes.
        -- general comment?
12
13
   Α
        Yes.
        And did you talk to Mr. Lamb about his
14
   declaration --
15
        Yes, I did.
16
   Α
17
        -- here? He mentions on the last page that
    "Competition in the DMS market has heightened to a fever
18
19
   pitch" at the very end of paragraph 30. Do you see that?
20
   Α
        Yes.
21
        Do you agree with that?
   Q
22
   Α
        Yes, I do.
23
    Q
        Are you still losing customers?
24
   Α
        Yes.
25
        Is this a surprise to you?
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Do you know how vendor client is defined in this
 2
   contract?
 3
         That would be dealer.
        That's the dealer; right?
 5
   Α
        Correct.
 6
        Do you see that this little (ii) prohibits the
 7
   vendor from getting the data from the dealer?
 8
        Yes, it would in this case.
 9
         So if a vendor is part of the 3PA Program, it is
10
   prohibited from getting the data from the dealer; right?
         That's correct. Well, there are cases where they
11
   still can, but in general that's true.
12
13
        So it's false that dealers can just send the data to
14
   the vendors, at least those who are in the 3PA Program;
15
   right?
        Send them directly to the dealer?
16
17
   0
        Right.
         That's correct. Send them directly to the vendor?
18
19
   Yes, that's correct.
20
        And this restriction that they have to get the data
   from the interface, this restriction lasts forever,
21
   doesn't it?
22
23
   Α
         It lasts while they're in the program.
24
        It lasts forever, doesn't it?
25
        While they're in the program.
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Let's go to Section 4(I). Are you there? Section 4
   (I). Are you there?
 3
       Yes.
        And then this is the section on Term and
   Termination. Section 4 is. Do you see that? So will
   you read for the Court what Section 4(I) says?
            THE COURT: You don't have to. I can read it.
 8
   I speed readed it.
 9
        "So all restrictions set forth in Section 1," that's
10
   the section we just were, "of this agreement shall
   survive the termination of this agreement" --
11
            THE COURT: You didn't have to read it either.
12
   I get it.
13
14
   BY MR. NEMELKA:
       So how can CDK possibly justify imposing this
15
   exclusive dealing term forever?
16
17
            THE COURT: Do you know if there's any
   justification for doing that?
18
19
            THE WITNESS: No, and I'm not -- I'm puzzled by
20
   that.
   BY MR. NEMELKA:
21
       And you're in charge -- you're in charge of the 3PA
22
23
   Program, aren't you?
24
       Well, I'm wondering this is a 2016 contract. I
25
   would want to see if what the current one is.
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Q Are you aware that counsel has represented -- your counsel has represented this is the current version of the 3PA contract in their statement of facts that they submitted to the Court?
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- A Well, let's see. What's the date on it? Well, we don't -- we don't know when this contract was -- what version of the contract this is. So --
- Q All right.

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- A -- I'm surprised to see that in there, that that's something that I would want to look at more carefully.
- Q Okay. We've talked about how CDK prohibits vendors from putting any access fee on their invoices to dealers; right? We've already talked about that today.
- A I'm sorry. Please repeat that.
- Q We're talked about CDK prohibits vendors from putting any data access fee on their invoices to dealers.
- 17 A Yes.
 - Q But, in fact, you do more than just -- you prohibit more than just that, don't you? You also prohibit any vendor from even telling the dealers about the integration of prices that CDK charges; right?
- 22 A Yes.
- 23 Q And let's go to Section 8.
- 24 A Section 8 of the same agreement?
 - Q Yes. Actually what I what to focus on is the last

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BY MR. PANNER:
2
        Dr. Addanki, again I think you may have
3
   misunderstood my question. In 2014, Reynolds system is
   closed; correct?
5
   Α
        Yes.
6
        And CDK's system is open?
        Yes.
   Α
8
        And CDK is making a decision about whether to move
9
   to closed system.
10
   Α
        Yes.
11
        And in making the evaluation as to whether to do
   that, the fact that Reynolds system is closed was very
12
13
   important to it in determining the competitive
   consequences of going to a closed system. True or false?
14
15
   Α
        I just don't know.
        You haven't looked at documents that indicate that?
16
17
        Oh. Did they take into account the fact that it was
   an open system and a closed system? Yes, absolutely they
18
19
   did.
20
        And it was important to them in terms of evaluating
   the competitive consequences of closing their --
21
22
        I just don't know how important it was. That's my
23
   point.
24
        Okay. Fair enough.
25
        They absolutely took it into account.
```

Q It would have been a valuable thing for CDK -- I'm not asking you to give me an estimate of how valuable.

But it would be a valuable thing for CDK to have assurances from Reynolds that it does not intend to open its system; correct?

A If you're asking would there be some value greater than zero having that assurance, possibly, yes.

Q And do you think that it was of business significance to Reynolds that CDK made a decision to close its system?

A I actually haven't seen any of Reynolds' documents on it. I would expect that Reynolds probably had mixed feelings about it.

Q But let me ask you -- let me try to ask you this question: There's no dispute that in a concentrated market -- and you would agree with me that the DMS market is highly concentrated, wouldn't you?

A It's concentrated, yes.

Q That in a concentrated market, rivals monitor the behavior of the other competitors, other large competitors in the market, and make decisions about how to conduct their business based in part on what their competitors are doing; correct?

A Yes. There isn't a difference in concentrated markets.

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No doubt about it; right?
 2
        That's right.
   Α
3
        So what's going on at a minimum is coordination
   between DMS -- excuse me. There's coordination between
5
   CDK and Reynolds with respect to the policy of keeping a
   closed system.
6
        No, I wouldn't agree with that at all.
8
        Before, a point of competitive differentiation
9
   between CDK and Reynolds was that CDK was open and
10
   Reynolds was closed; correct?
        That was a point of differentiation, that you
11
   stressed, yes.
12
13
        And when CDK decided to close its system, that was
14
   no longer a point of competitive differentiation;
15
   correct?
       That's correct.
16
17
        And that reduced the intensity of competition
   between the two providers; isn't that fair?
18
19
        No, I haven't seen evidence of that.
20
        Okay. Do you have an -- well, I should ask you
   this: Many economists are very good with computers and I
21
   want to know whether you consider yourself an expert in
22
23
   computers and information technology.
24
        I've been a software author, a published software
25
   author. I have consulted in many cases involving
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